# CAMEX Foreign Trade Board

24/07/2018 – TOKYO

XXI JAPAN-BRAZIL BUSINESS COUNCIL PLENARY MEETING INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES AND BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT



#### Content

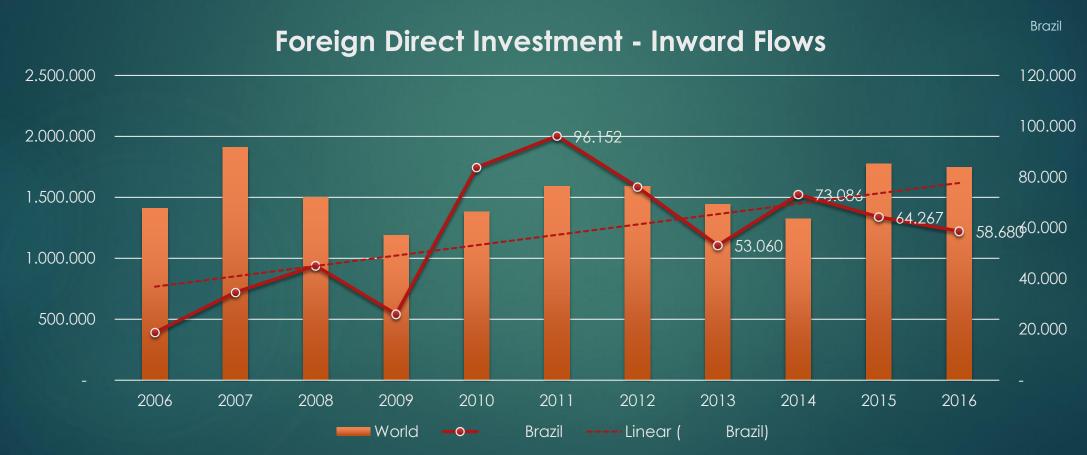
- 1. Foreign Direct Investments Overview
- 2. CAMEX New Investment Framework
- 3. Ombudsman for Direct Investment—OID
- 4. National Investment Committee Coninv
- 5. Working Group to support investors
- 6. First Foreign Trade Regulatory Agenda



## FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) -

**OVERVIEW** 

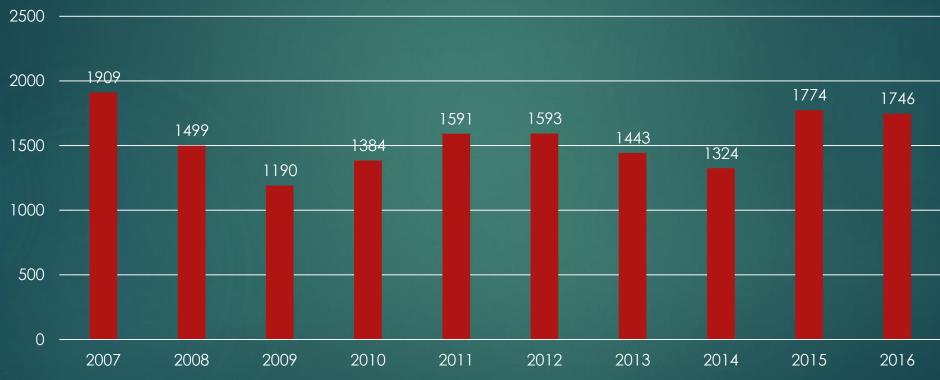
US Dollars at current prices in millions



Source: ©UNCTAD, World Investment Report 2017; http://unctad.org/wir or http://unctad.org/fdistatistics.

#### FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) — OVERVIEW

#### World FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) INWARD Billions of US\$



Source: ©UNCTAD, World Investment Report 2017; http://unctad.org/wir or http://unctad.org/fdistatistics

# FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) - OVERVIEW

Brazil - 8th placed in 2016:Ranked by inflow value

| FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT - 2016                   |         |                                                   |         |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Host economies                                     |         | Home economies                                    |         |
| (Ranked by <b>inflow</b> value) – Billions of US\$ |         | (Ranked by <b>outflow</b> value) Billions of US\$ |         |
| United States                                      | 391,104 | United States                                     | 299,003 |
| United Kingdom                                     | 253,826 | China                                             | 183,100 |
| China                                              | 133,700 | Netherlands                                       | 173,658 |
| China, Hong Kong SAR                               | 108,126 | Japan                                             | 145,242 |
| Netherlands                                        | 91,956  | British Virgin Islands                            | 94,820  |
| Singapore                                          | 61,597  | Canada                                            | 66,403  |
| British Virgin Islands                             | 59,097  | China, Hong Kong SAR                              | 62,460  |
| Brazil                                             | 58,680  | France                                            | 57,328  |
| Australia                                          | 48,190  | Ireland                                           | 44,548  |
| Cayman Islands                                     | 44,968  | Spain                                             | 41,789  |
| India                                              | 44,486  | Germany                                           | 34,558  |
| Russian Federation                                 | 37,668  | Luxembourg                                        | 31,643  |
| Canada                                             | 33,721  | Switzerland                                       | 30,648  |
| Belgium                                            | 33,103  | Korea, Republic of                                | 27,274  |
| Italy                                              | 28,955  | Russian Federation                                | 27,272  |
| France                                             | 28,352  | Cayman Islands                                    | 25,736  |
| Luxembourg                                         | 26,857  | Singapore                                         | 23,888  |
| Mexico                                             | 26.739  | Sweden                                            | 22,851  |
| Ireland                                            | 22.304  | Italy                                             | 22,794  |
| Sweden                                             | 19.584  | Finland                                           | 22,760  |

Table 1 - FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT

Source: UNCTAD. (Unctadstat 2018)





## What are we doing to atract more Foreign Direct Investments (FDI)? Facilitating the business environment to investors.

- NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMITTEE (CONINV)
- OMBUDSMAN FOR DIRECT INVESTMENTS (OID)
- WORKING GROUP TO SUPPORT INVESTORS
- FIRST FOREIGN TRADE REGULATORY AGENDA

## CAMEX New Investment Framework

#### Investment issues since 2016

Formulate, adopt, implement and coordinate policies and activities related to foreign trade in goods and services, including tourism, with a view to promoting foreign trade, **investments** and the country's international competitiveness.







#### **Bodies**

- CAMEX Board body of superior and final deliberation.
- Executive Management Committee Gecex
- Executive Secretariat (and <u>Ombudsman for Direct</u> <u>Investments - OID)</u>
- Private Sector Advisory Board Conex
- Export Financing and Guarantee Committee Cofig
- National Trade Facilitation Committee Confac
- National Committee for Trade Promotion Copcom
- National Investment Committee Coninv

### CAMEX Board – Council of Ministers

Body of superior and final deliberation

Composed of the following Ministers of State:

- Head of the Civil House of the Presidency of the Republic, who will preside over it;
- Industry, Foreign Trade and Services;
- Foreign Affairs;
- Finance;
- Transport, Ports and Civil Aviation;
- Agriculture, Livestock and Food Supply;
- Planning, Development and Management; and
- Head of the General Secretariat of the Presidency of the Republic

## OMBUDSMAN FOR DIRECT INVESTMENTS OID

The Cooperation and Facilitation Investment Agreements (CFIAs) that Brazil has negotiated and signed bilaterally require, among other arrangements, the creation of an Investment Ombudsman;

#### Main attributions

- receive consultations and inquiries about matters related to investments, which should be answered jointly with government agencies involved in each case;
- Centralization of demands in a single body that should respond timely to the demands of investors;
- Supervised by the CAMEX board;

## OMBUDSMAN FOR DIRECT INVESTMENTS OID

The OID integrates the structure of the Executive Secretariat under the supervision of the CAMEX Board and will be composed of:

I - the Executive Secretary of CAMEX (institutional representative and coordinator);

II - a Secretariat that will have employees / servants specialized in subjects related to investments;

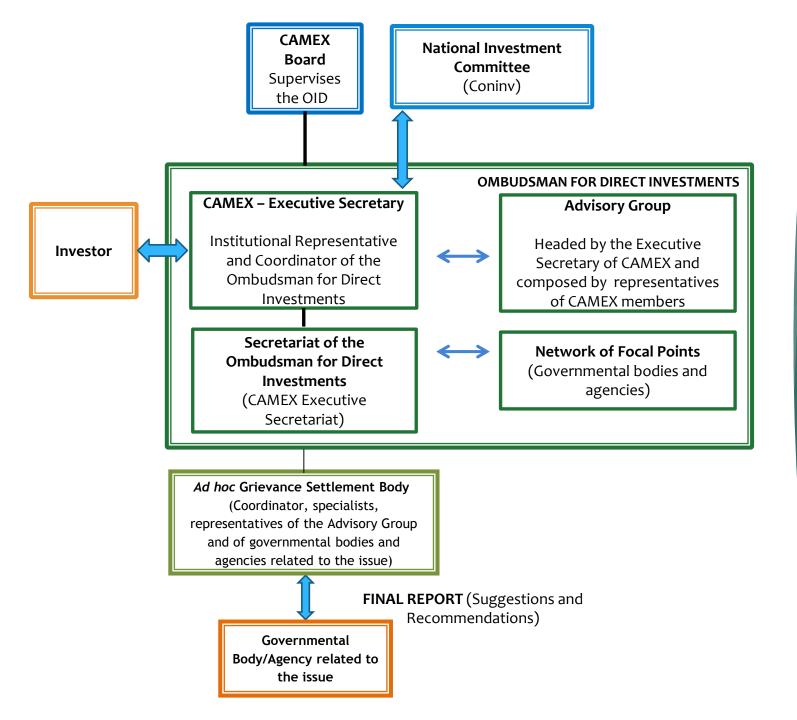
III - an Advisory Group, composed of representatives of the ministries that constitute CAMEX; and

IV - the Network of focal points (agencies and entities of the Federal Public Administration, as well as those indicated by Federative Units).

# OMBUDSMAN FOR DIRECT INVESTMENTS - OID

#### Network of **Focal Points** Investor Ombudsman - OID (Investors (more than 30 from country entities of public who have administration – (CAMEX) CFIA in force) national and subnational level).





## Chart/ How Ombudsman Works

### Working Group to Support Investors

Other Tools to Help the Investors
Investors not cover by the OID - **UNDERGOING** 

Will be created under the National Investment Committee to deal with the demands of foreign investors.

Investors from countries who have not yet investment agreement with Brazil;

Periodic Reports to the National Investment Comittee;

### National Investment Committee - Coninv

#### **Purpose**

Formulate proposals and recommendations to CAMEX for the promotion and facilitation of Foreign Direct Investments in Brazil and the Brazilian Direct Investments abroad, coordinate

#### Members

Vice Ministers Level

- I General-Secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (co-chair);
- II Executive Secretary of the Civil House of the Presidency of the Republic;
- III Executive-Secretary of the Ministry of Finance;
- IV Executive-Secretary of the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Supply;
- V Executive-Secretary of the Ministry of Industry, Foreign Trade and Services (co-chair);
- VI Executive-Secretary of the Ministry of Planning, Development and Management;
- VII Deputy Executive-Secretary of the Program of Investment Partnerships of the Presidency of the Republic; and
- VIII Executive-Secretary of CAMEX.

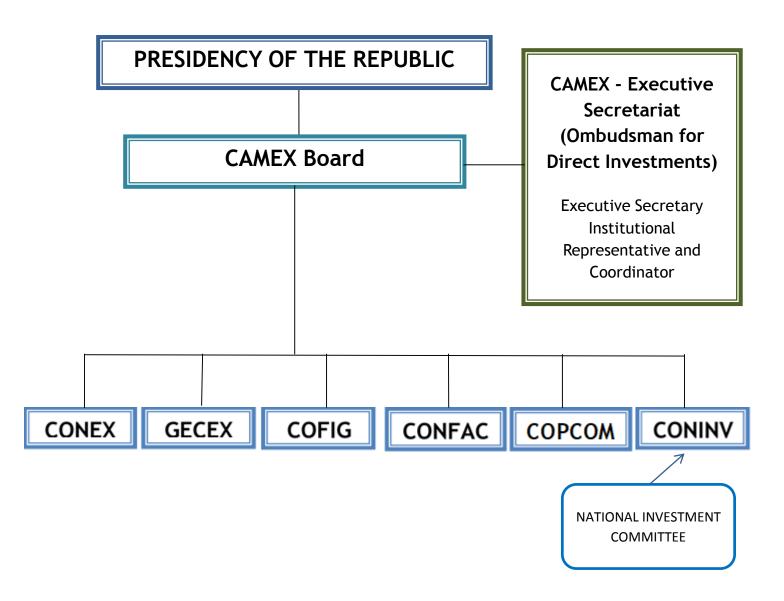
#### **Benefits**

Improvement in the discussion and the coordination of government actions for the implementation of investment policies, in order to create a better investment environment in the country.

#### National Investment Committee - Coninv

#### Interaction with the OID

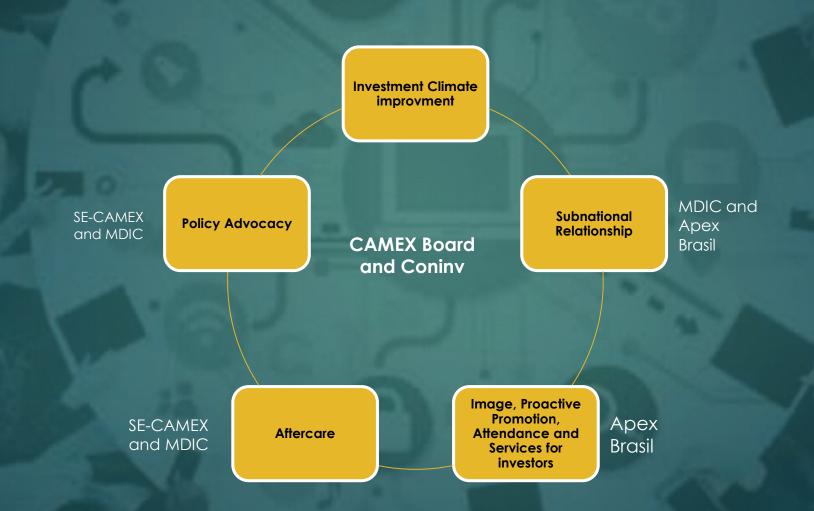
- CAMEX's Executive-Secretary is a member of Coninv and is the institutional representative of OID;
- The consultations and inquiries received by the OID on a recurring basis may be subject to proposals for improving the investment environment in Brazil;
- Coninv will evaluate them and submit to CAMEX Board such proposals as it deems appropriate;
- Coninv will also be responsible for monitoring the implementation by the respective bodies of the recommendations made by the OID for the solution of questions.



## CAMEX

#### Investment attraction strategy

Coordinating Actions to Cover all the Investment Cicle



#### First Foreign Trade Regulatory Agenda

The CAMEX Board will monitor the implementation of the Foreign Trade Regulatory Agenda.

#### Main Objective of the Agenda

Identify laws and normative acts related to foreign trade with priority to change, update or revoke between 2018 and 2019.



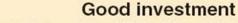
## First Foreign Trade Regulatory Agenda Regulatory Coherence

#### **Working Transparency and Good Pratices**

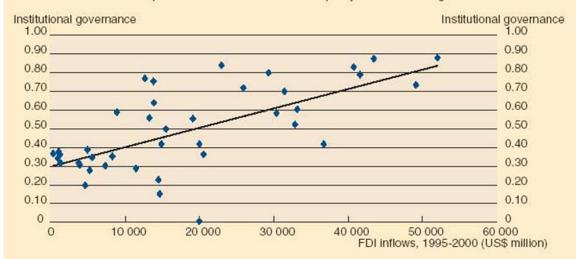
"The *relatively* more transparent are the country's policies and institutions, the more attractive is the country to foreign investors.

An improvement in a country's ranking by only a few points will significantly improve the country's attractiveness to foreign investors and should lead to a correspondingly large marginal inflows of FDI."

(Zdenek Drabek and Warren Payne (2001), "The Impact of Transparency on Foreign Direct Investment," WTO Staff Working Paper ERAD-99-02.)



The relationship between inward FDI and the quality of institutional governance1

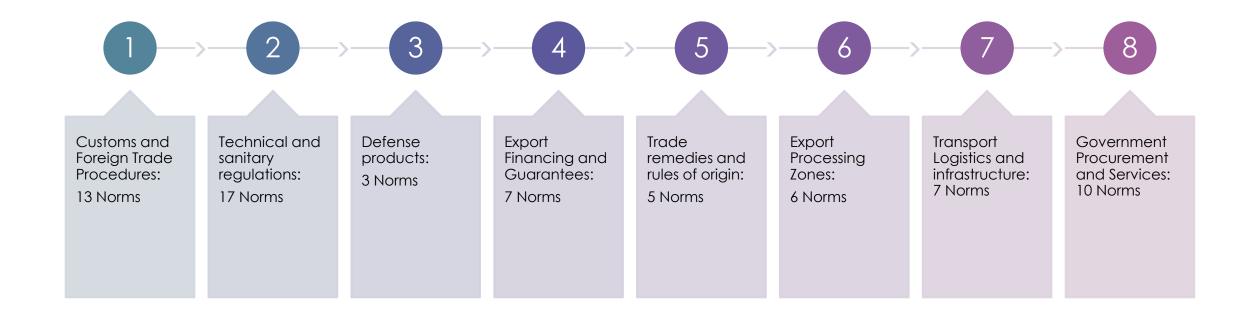


Note: Countries clustered on the left lack good governance and also lack FDI compared with countries on the right. The poorest performers in terms of institutional governance are Russia, Ecuador and Indonesia. The three top performers are the UK, the US and Switzerland.

 Only those countries with cumulative inflows of less than US\$60 billion since 1995 are considered so as to focus on the developing and small-country context.

Source: Based on data on institutional governance provided in Chan-Lee and Ahn (2001).

# First Foreign Trade Regulatory Agenda Regulatory Stock to be worked EIGHT AXES and 68 NORMS



## Obrigado! Thank You!

www.camex.gov.br
Esplanada dos Ministérios
Ministério da Indústria Comércio e Serviços
Bloco "J", Térreo, sala T12
Brasília – DF, CEP: 70170-900