









THE BRAZILIAN ECONOMY AND THE AGENDA FOR REFORMS

XX Joint Meeting of Japan – Brazil Economic Cooperation Committee



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FROM TOKYO TO CURITIBA: What changed in the Brazilian economy?







THE QUESTIONS



WHAT THE ECONOMIC INDICATORS SAY ABOUT THE RECOVERY?



WHAT WAS THE EVOLUTION OF THE REFORMS?



FROM TOKYO TO CURITIBA

RECOVERY SLOWER THAN EXPECTED MORE REFORMS
THAN EXPECTED

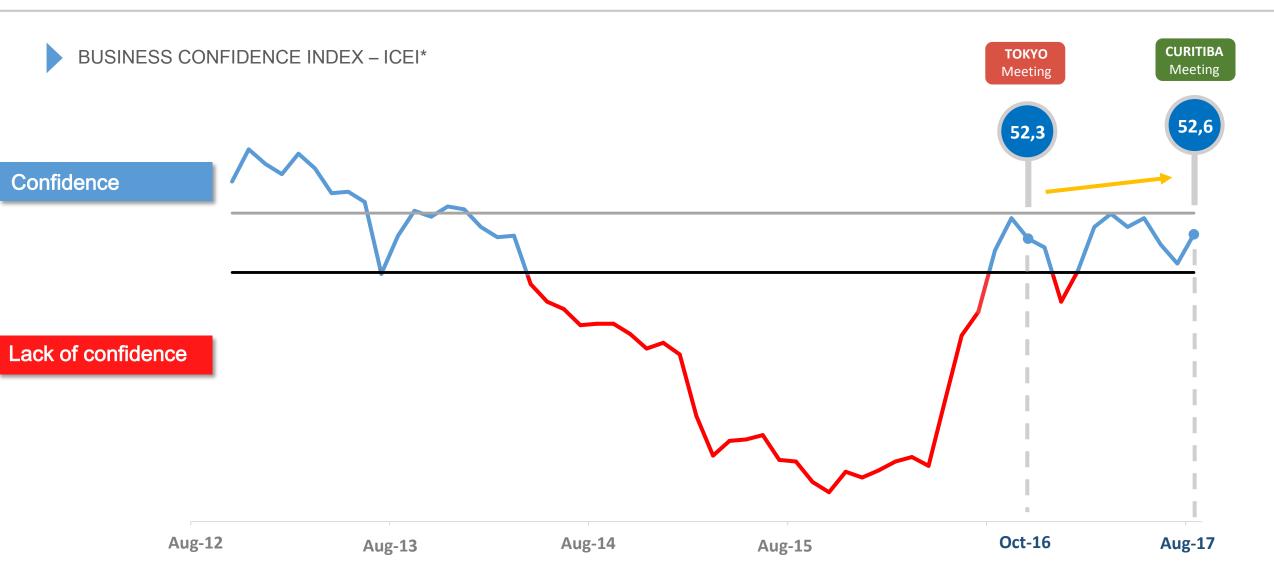
NEW INVESTIGATIONS, NEW UNCERTAINTIES



Economic scenario
How is the economy going?



BUSINESS CONFIDENCE: HOLDING VIRTUALLY STEADY



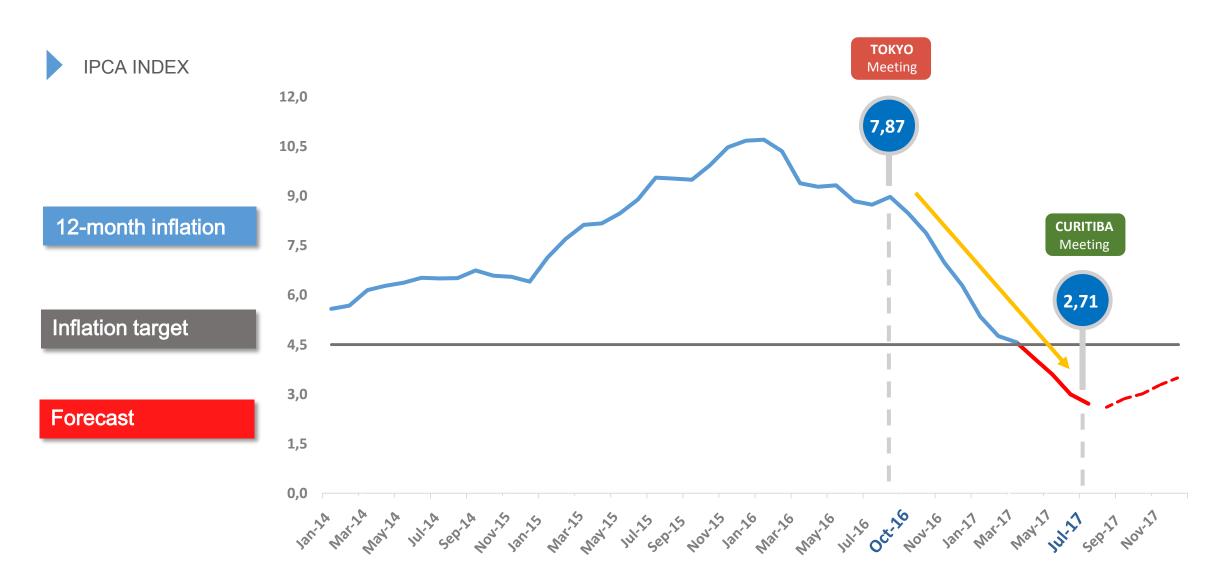
^{*}The ICEI varies in the 0-100 interval. Figures above 50 points indicate that entrepreneurs are confident. Source: ICEI – Business confidence index.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION HAS STOPPED FALLING

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

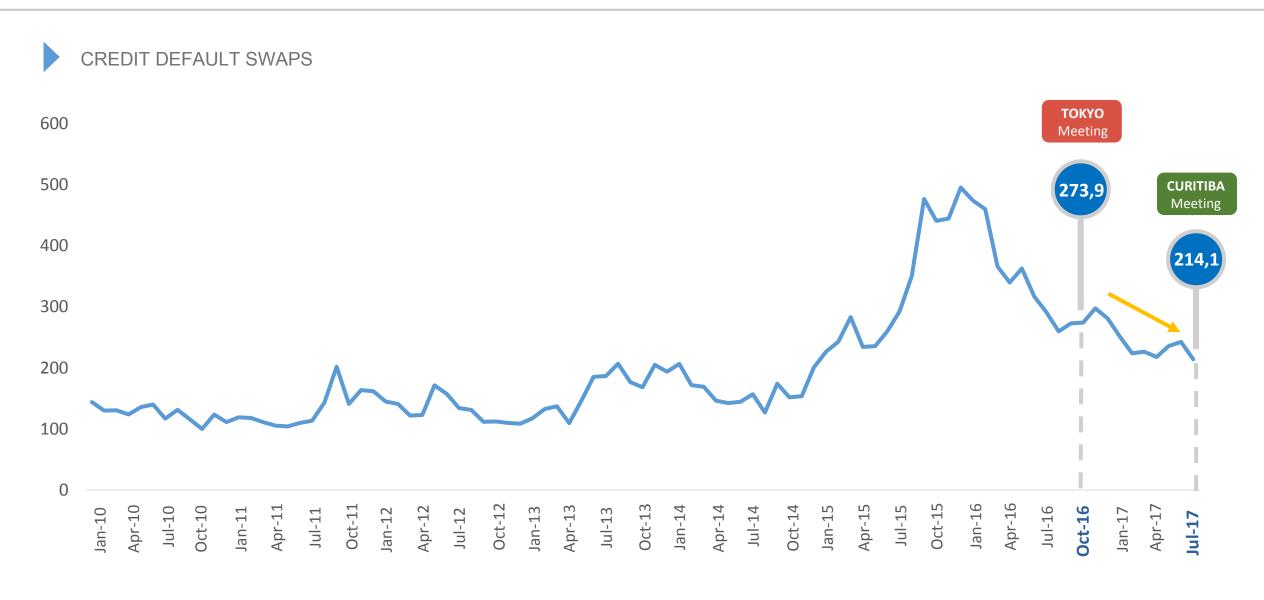


INFLATION: BETTER THAN EXPECTED

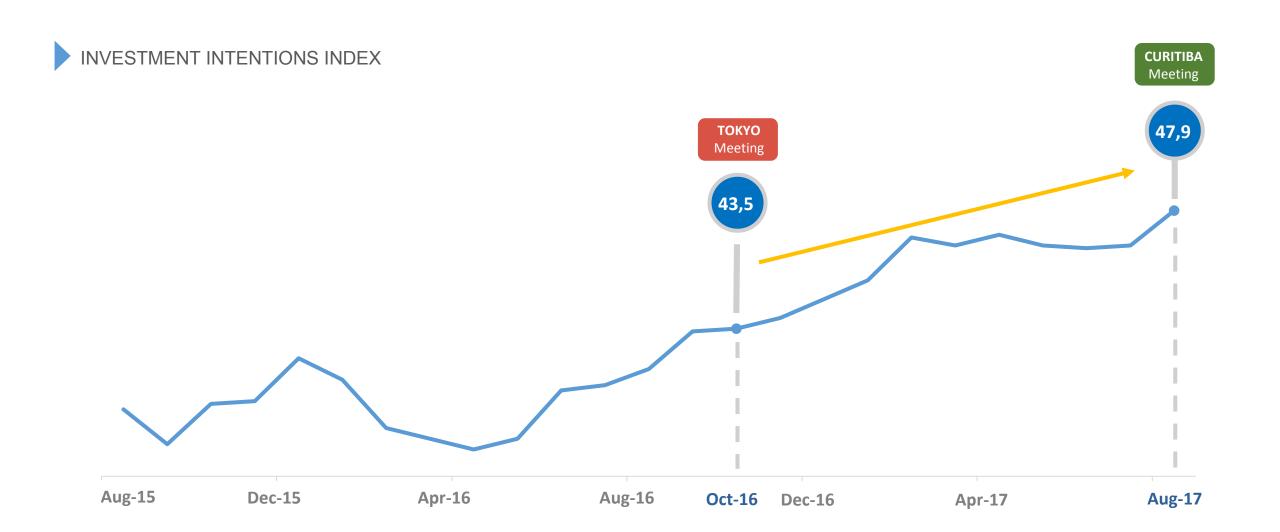


Source: IBGE Forecast: CNI

CDS: A LOWER RISK

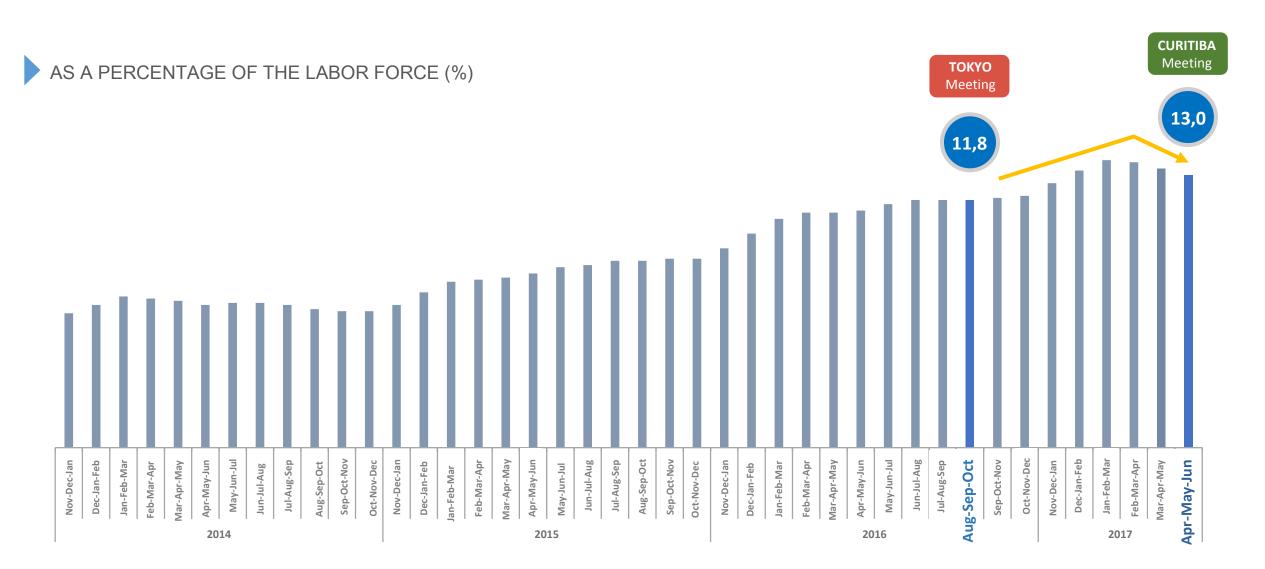


INVESTMENTS: A SLOW RECOVERY



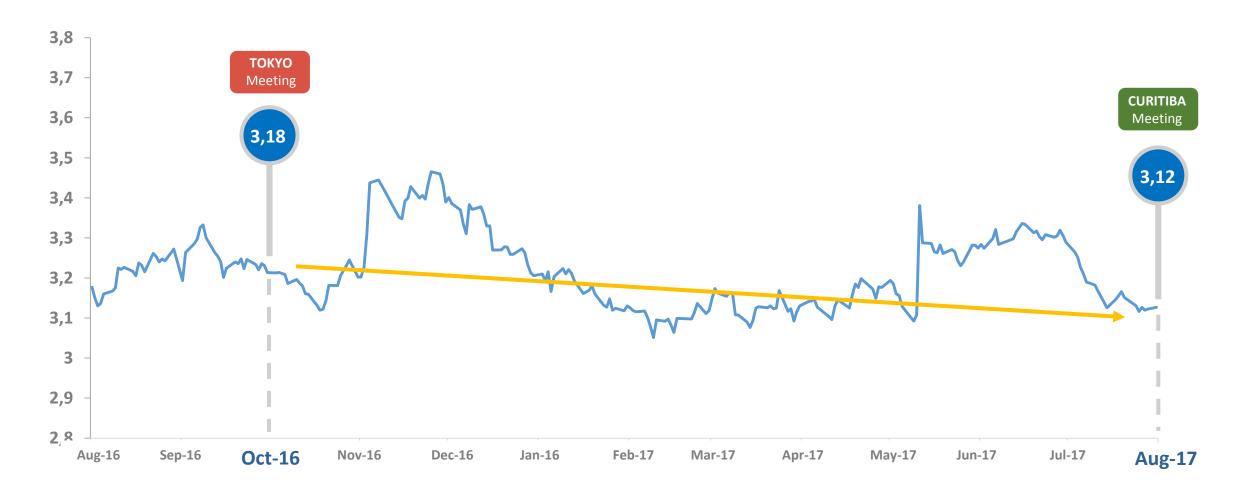
^{*}The index range from 0-100. The higher the index, the more likely industry is to invest *Source:* CNI

UNEMPLOYMENT KEPT INCREASING BUT NOW IS IN A TURNING POINT



EXCHANGE RATE: UNCERTAINTIES AND RESILIENCE

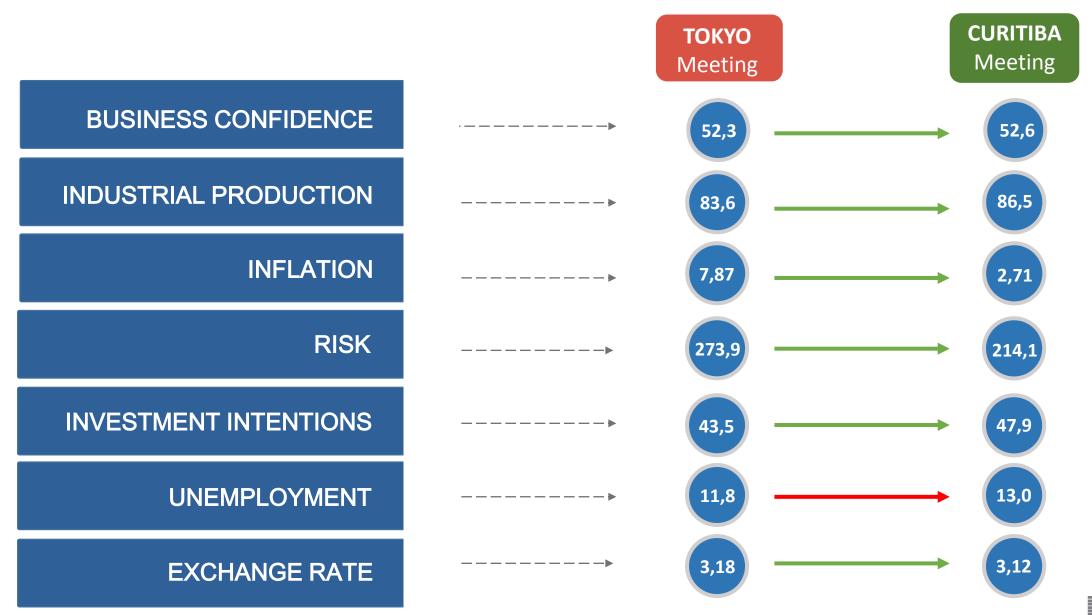
DAILY EXCHANGE RATE (PTAX CLOSING RATE*)
IN R\$ PER US\$



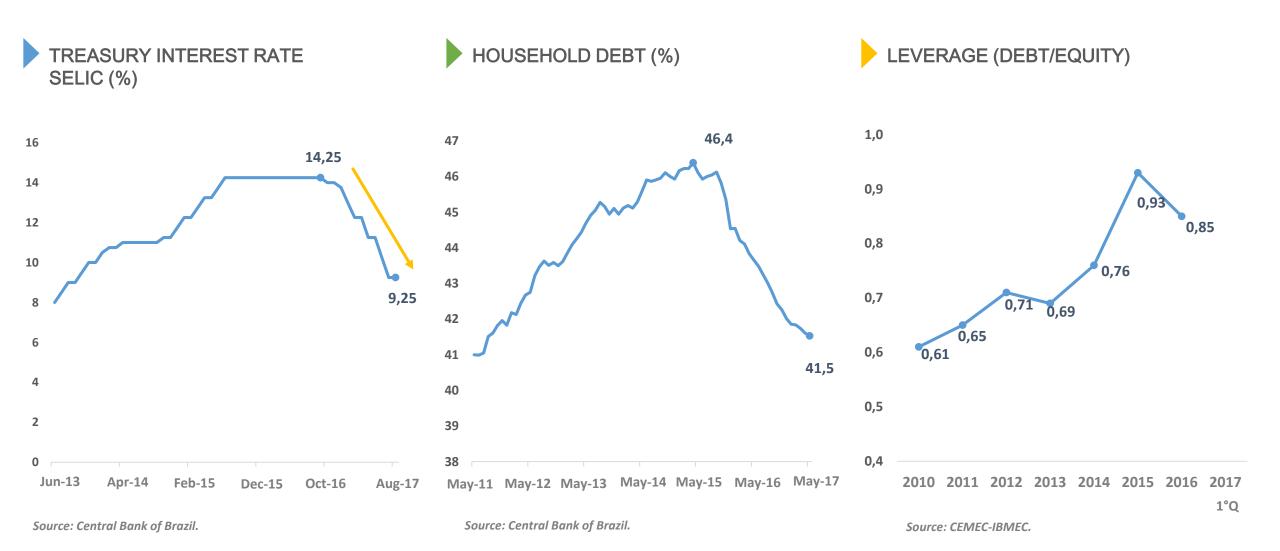
Source: Central Bank of Brazil

^{*} The Closing Ptax rate is the arithmetic average of bid and offer rates published in daily bulletins.

SUMMARY



TOWARD A CYCLICAL RECOVERY





IT HAS BEEN TIME OF REFORMS IN BRAZIL

CONSTITUTIONAL REFORMS





ORDINARY LAW REFORMS

REGULATORY REFORMS





ONE YEAR AFTER

36

PROPOSALS







CNI

REFORMS ACCOMPLISHED: MAIN HIGHLIGHTS

FISCAL

Limit on Public Expenses

LABOR

- Outsourcing
- Labor reform
- Excluding commuting accidents from the FAP (Accident Prevention Factor) calculation

EDUCATION

High School reform

SECTORIAL

- Petroleum & Gas (sharing regime review)
- Charging the CDE
 (Energy Development
 Bill) proportionally
- Modernizing concessions for exploiting natural gas onshore

GOVERNANCE

- Regulatory Agencies
- Public Sector Companies

TRADE

- Trade facilitation
- Trade negotiations



IN PROGRESS



THE NEW LABOR LAW: A LANDMARK





THE NEW LABOR LAW: A LANDMARK

PREVALENCE OF NEGOTIATION
OVER LEGISLATION

NEW CONTRACTS MODELS

MORE FLEXIBILITY

RESPECT TO FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS

LEGAL CERTAINTY + COOPERATION



WHAT CANNOT BE NEGOTIATED

1	2	3	4	5
Health and security rules	13th salary (compulsory Christmas bonus)	Right to free unionization	Right to strike	Right to free and spontaneous collective bargaining



WHAT CANNOT BE NEGOTIATED

6	7	8	9	10
Additional pay for extraordinary working hours	Protection against discrimination	Maternity and paternity leave	Annual vacation	Protection for female workers



WHAT CAN BE NEGOTIATED + NEW REGULATIONS

3 4 Flexible Representation Working hours, **Exclusion of** of workers in working subjected to commuting the workplace hours and an the hours from constitutional annual working hours working limits (rule) hours bank



WHAT CAN BE NEGOTIATED + NEW REGULATIONS

5	6	7	8
Rest and meal break of at least 30 minutes	Home office and intermittent work	Modality of recording working hours	Possibility of switching holidays falling in the middle of the week



WHAT CAN BE NEGOTIATED + NEW REGULATIONS

9	10	11	12
Career and wages plan and corporate regulation	Compensation for productivity and individual performance	Incentive bonuses in goods and services	Participation in profits and results



REFORMS: WHAT IS ON THE PIPELINE





ISSUES TO MONITOR MENTIONED IN THE TOKYO MEETING + ELECTIONS 2018



CONGRESS REACTION TO REFORMS



PUBLIC OPINION REACTION



EVOLUTION OF CORRUPTION INVESTIGATIONS



SPEED OF ECONOMIC RECOVERY

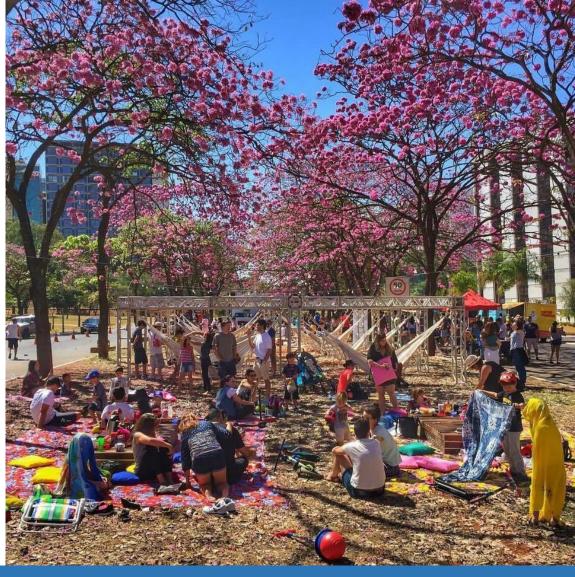


ELECTIONS 2018









To a better scenario (an integrated one)

Cherry Blossoms | Ueno Park, Tokyo Ipê-roxo | Ipê Festival, Brasilia





National Confederation of Industry - Brazil